

CHAPTER 3: RACE AND HISPANIC ORIGIN

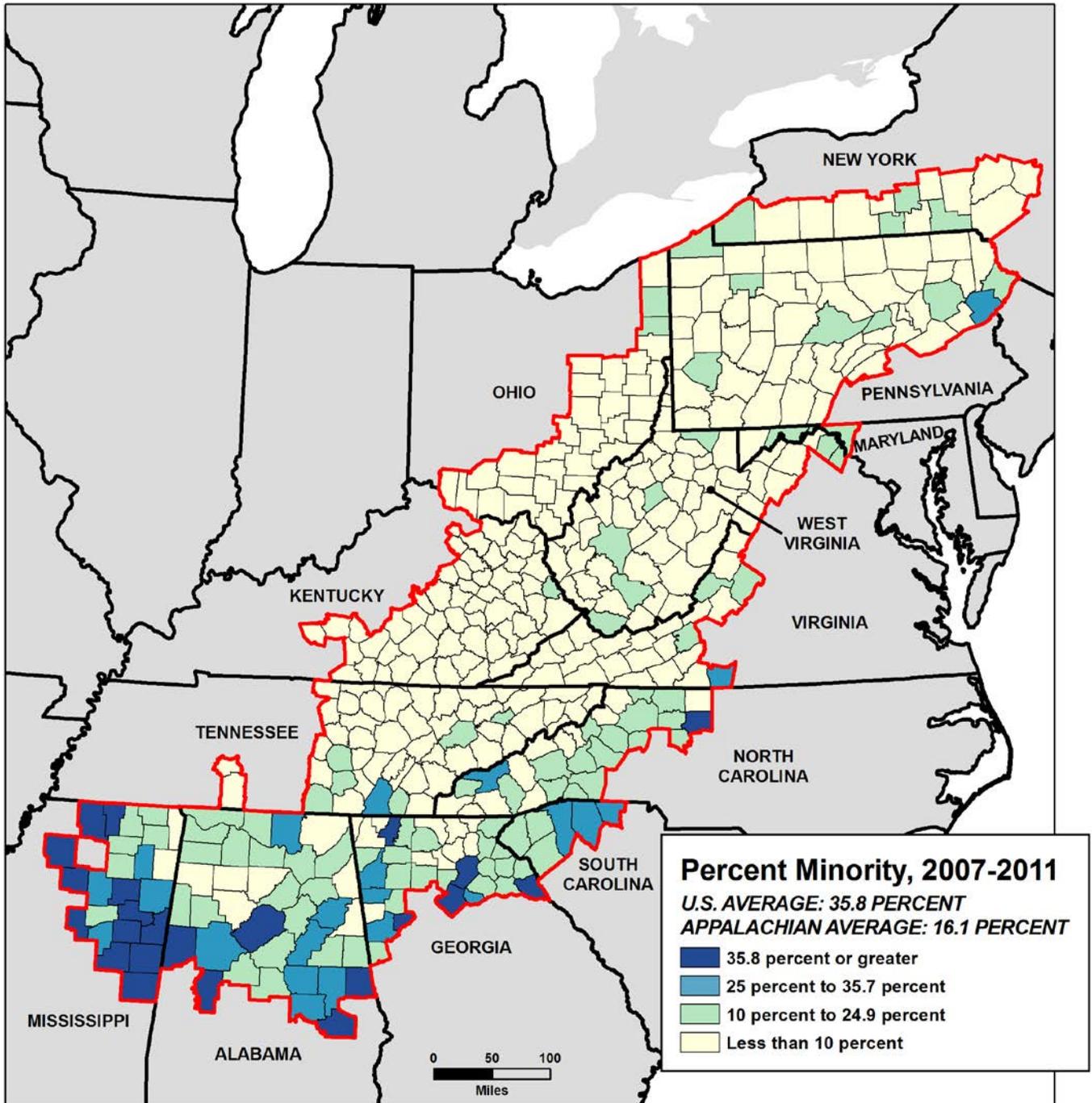
Table 3.1: Population in the Appalachian Region by Race and Hispanic Origin, 2007-2011

Population by Race and Hispanic Origin	Total Population, 2007-2011	Percent of Population				
		White Alone, Not Hispanic	Minority			
			Total	Black Alone, Not Hispanic	Hispanic or Latino	Other, Not Hispanic
United States	306,603,772	64.2	35.8	12.2	16.1	7.6
Appalachian Region	25,138,634	83.9	16.1	9.1	4.0	3.0
Subregions						
Northern Appalachia	8,386,003	89.8	10.2	5.1	2.3	2.8
North Central Appalachia	2,414,961	93.4	6.6	2.8	1.2	2.6
Central Appalachia	1,916,690	95.5	4.5	1.9	1.1	1.5
South Central Appalachia	4,689,747	85.8	14.2	7.0	4.4	2.9
Southern Appalachia	7,731,233	70.4	29.6	18.4	7.3	3.9
County Types						
Large Metros (pop. 1 million +)	5,739,321	75.3	24.7	14.6	5.5	4.6
Small Metros (pop. <1 million)	10,131,903	83.4	16.6	9.0	4.4	3.1
Nonmetro, Adjacent to Large Metros	1,694,488	88.8	11.2	4.7	3.9	2.6
Nonmetro, Adjacent to Small Metros	5,035,983	90.2	9.8	4.9	2.9	2.1
Rural (nonmetro, not adj. to a metro)	2,536,939	89.1	10.9	7.8	1.6	1.6
Alabama	4,747,424	67.3	32.7	26.1	3.7	3.0
Appalachian Alabama	3,043,430	71.3	28.7	21.7	4.2	2.8
Non-Appalachian Alabama	1,703,994	60.1	39.9	33.8	2.8	3.3
Georgia	9,600,612	56.3	43.7	30.1	8.6	5.0
Appalachian Georgia	2,899,705	68.8	31.2	13.0	12.4	5.8
Non-Appalachian Georgia	6,700,907	50.9	49.1	37.5	6.9	4.7
Kentucky	4,316,040	86.6	13.4	7.7	2.9	2.8
Appalachian Kentucky	1,184,118	95.5	4.5	1.8	1.2	1.5
Non-Appalachian Kentucky	3,131,922	83.2	16.8	9.9	3.5	3.3
Maryland	5,736,545	55.2	44.8	29.0	7.9	7.9
Appalachian Maryland	252,034	86.8	13.2	7.8	2.5	2.9
Non-Appalachian Maryland	5,484,511	53.8	46.2	29.9	8.1	8.2
Mississippi	2,956,700	58.2	41.8	36.9	2.6	2.3
Appalachian Mississippi	627,703	64.9	35.1	31.4	2.2	1.5
Non-Appalachian Mississippi	2,328,997	56.4	43.6	38.4	2.7	2.5
New York	19,302,448	58.7	41.3	14.5	17.4	9.4
Appalachian New York	1,066,767	90.3	9.7	2.5	3.0	4.2
Non-Appalachian New York	18,235,681	56.9	43.1	15.2	18.2	9.8
North Carolina	9,418,736	65.7	34.3	21.2	8.1	5.1
Appalachian North Carolina	1,686,926	81.5	18.5	8.6	6.6	3.2
Non-Appalachian North Carolina	7,731,810	62.2	37.8	23.9	8.4	5.5
Ohio	11,525,536	81.4	18.6	12.0	3.0	3.7
Appalachian Ohio	2,043,794	91.9	8.1	4.3	1.6	2.2
Non-Appalachian Ohio	9,481,742	79.1	20.9	13.6	3.3	4.0
Pennsylvania	12,660,739	79.8	20.2	10.4	5.5	4.3
Appalachian Pennsylvania	5,790,556	89.8	10.2	5.2	2.3	2.7
Non-Appalachian Pennsylvania	6,870,183	71.5	28.5	14.7	8.1	5.7
South Carolina	4,575,864	64.3	35.7	27.8	4.9	3.1
Appalachian South Carolina	1,160,395	74.8	25.2	16.4	5.6	3.3
Non-Appalachian South Carolina	3,415,469	60.7	39.3	31.7	4.6	3.0
Tennessee	6,297,991	75.9	24.1	16.5	4.4	3.2
Appalachian Tennessee	2,768,286	88.9	11.1	5.4	3.1	2.6
Non-Appalachian Tennessee	3,529,705	65.7	34.3	25.3	5.4	3.6
Virginia	7,926,192	65.2	34.8	19.2	7.6	8.0
Appalachian Virginia	768,548	90.4	9.6	5.4	1.8	2.3
Non-Appalachian Virginia	7,157,644	62.5	37.5	20.6	8.3	8.6
West Virginia (entire state)	1,846,372	93.2	6.8	3.1	1.2	2.5

"Other" includes these racial groups: (a) American Indian and Alaska Native alone; (b) Asian alone; (c) Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander alone; (d) Some other race alone; and (e) Two or more races.

Data Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2007-2011 American Community Survey.

Figure 3.1: Percent of Population in the Appalachian Region That Is Minority, 2007-2011

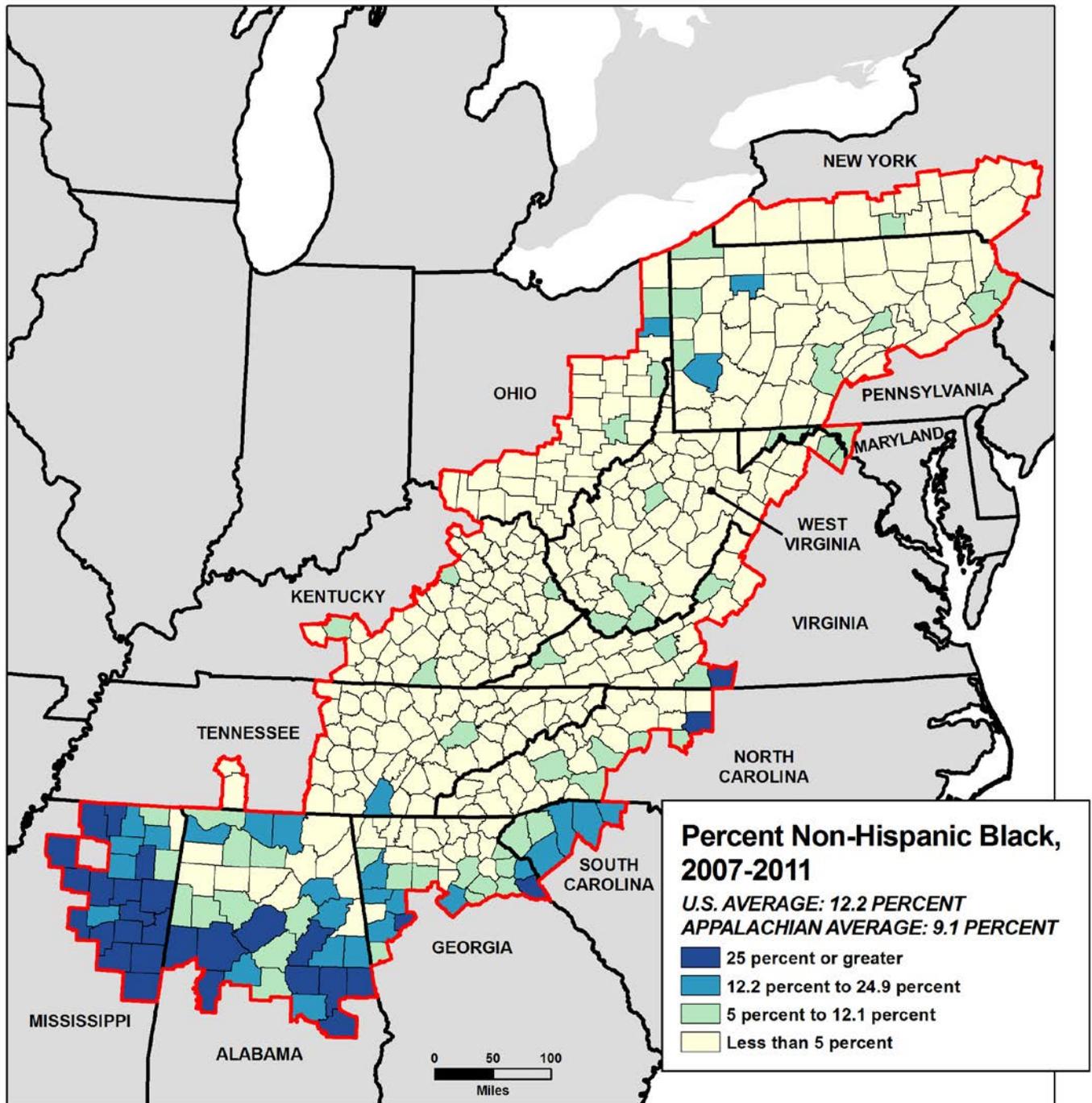


Map Title: Percent of Population in the Appalachian Region That Is Minority, 2007-2011

Data Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2007-2011 American Community Survey.

The Appalachian region is significantly less racially and ethnically diverse than the United States as a whole, and most parts of the region have remained far below the national average in their minority populations. In two-thirds of Appalachian counties, minorities (defined as anyone who identifies with a racial or ethnic group *other than* “white alone, not Hispanic”) made up less than 10 percent of the population during the 2007-2011 period. There were just 23 counties—all but one in southern Appalachia—where minorities’ share of the population matched or exceeded the national average.

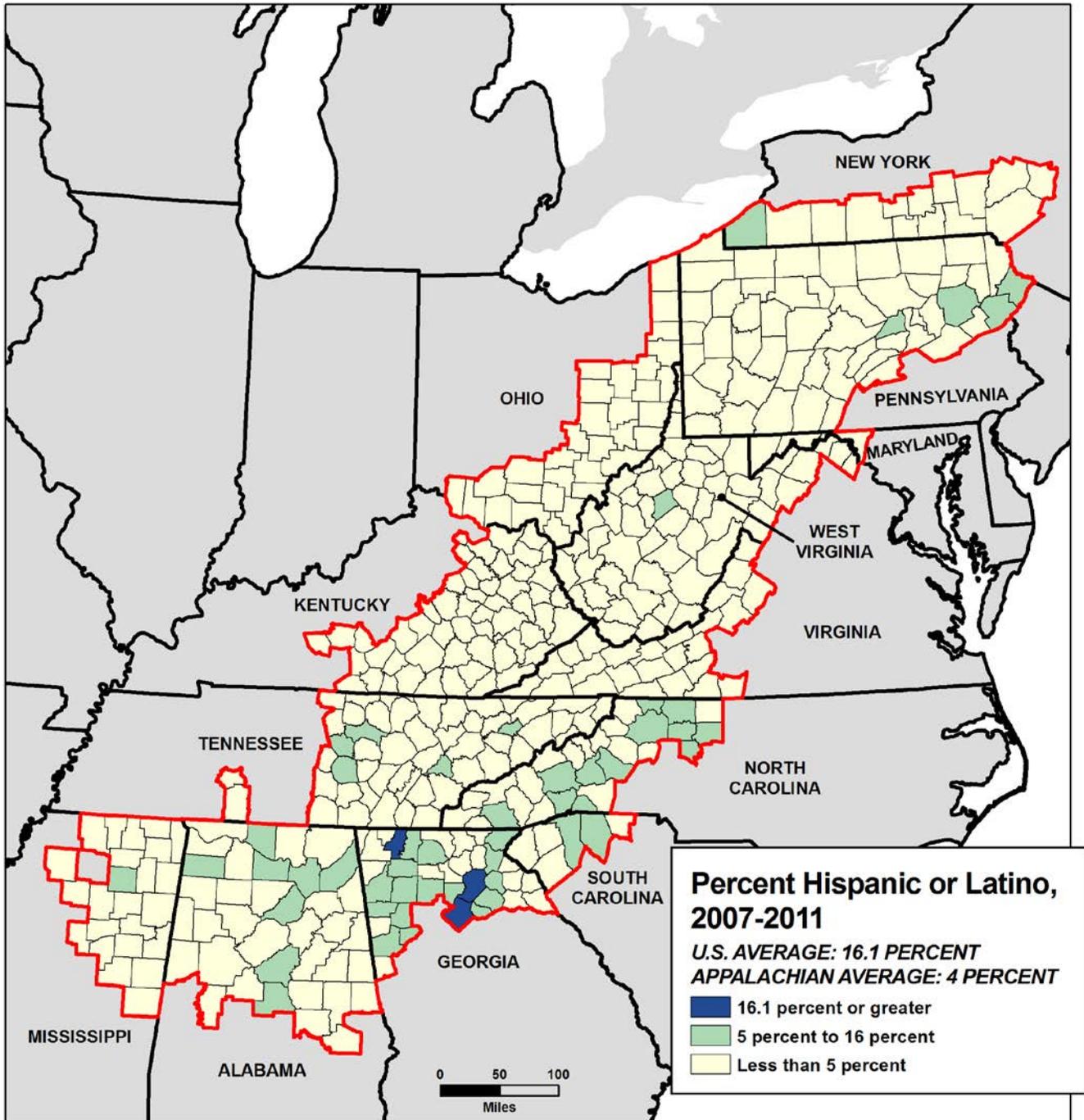
Figure 3.2: Percent of Population in the Appalachian Region That Is Black Alone, not Hispanic, 2007-2011



Map Title: Percent of Population in the Appalachian Region That Is Black Alone, not Hispanic, 2007-2011
 Data Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2007-2011 American Community Survey.

Although non-Hispanic African Americans remained the largest single minority group in Appalachia during the 2007-2011 period, their share of the region's total population was still lower than in the United States as a whole. Within the region, the largest proportions were in southern Appalachia—the only subregion where blacks' share of the population exceeded the national average. Southern Appalachia also had 51 of the 57 counties in the entire Appalachian region where the black share of the population matched or surpassed that of the nation. At the other end of the spectrum, persons who are "black alone, not Hispanic" accounted for less than 5 percent of the residents in three-fourths of Appalachian counties.

Figure 3.3: Percent of Population in the Appalachian Region That Is Hispanic or Latino, 2007-2011



Map Title: Percent of Population in the Appalachian Region That Is Hispanic or Latino, 2007-2011
 Data Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2007-2011 American Community Survey.

Although Hispanics have become the United States' largest minority group, they made up just 1 in 25 residents in the Appalachian region during the 2007-2011 period. The county patterns reflect this fact as well, as Hispanics constituted at least 5 percent of the population in just 53 of Appalachia's 420 counties. Moreover, just three Appalachian counties (Gwinnett, Hall, and Whitfield—all in Georgia) had Latino population shares that matched or exceeded the national average.