

# **Workforce Development Projects**

This document provides specific guidance for **workforce development projects.** Applications may involve multiple activities as part of a single project; ARC encourages applicants to review the specific guidance for each type of activity included in an application.

All application guidance is grounded in the goals and principles of ARC's current strategic plan, which emphasize strategic focus, collaboration, sustainability, and measurable impact in ARC investments.

ARC investment in **workforce training** prepares individuals for specific jobs or career areas or for advancement within an occupation. Training programs can range from a one-hour, one-time seminar to a multi-year program resulting in an advanced degree. The intent of these investments is to establish a new or expand an existing program, not to maintain ongoing operations. Supported projects typically focus on programming that enables trainees to obtain new or enhanced employment (e.g., higher pay, better position) in a specific in-demand job or career area after completing the proposed program.

Generally, ARC categorizes workforce training under Goal 2 of its strategic plan; however, workforce training activities may be a component of projects under other goals.

### Examples of eligible workforce training projects include, but are not limited to:

- Training leading to a specified credential, such as Certified Nursing Assistant (CNA) or Computer Numerical Control (CNC) programmer
- Partnership program with local employers to assist with job search, interview training and other soft skills targeting underemployed, unemployed, or persons in recovery
- OSHA safety certification course that would qualify successful completers for certain jobs

### **Key Principles of ARC Workforce Training Investments**

As outlined in ARC's strategic plan, activities should be strategic, collaborative, sustainable, and impactful.

### Strategic:

- Workforce training projects should target workforce gaps in local economic sectors which are defined in economic development plans for the targeted geography.
- It is imperative that applicants cite data and other research that demonstrates evidence of need for a proposed project and include this information in a strategic rationale. Please refer to the "Helpful Resources" section at the end of this document for assistance.
- Local and regional employers should closely guide training program development.
- Applications should include letters of commitment from employers stating activities they will engage in to support the project.

### Collaborative:

 Workforce training projects should align with existing resources within the provider's organization and across organizations, complementing and/or enhancing ongoing efforts.

# More Information

For general guidance on how to develop a complete and competitive application for ARC project funding, all applicants should refer to the application framework and instructions detailed in the Checklist for ARC Non-Construction **Project** Applications form or the <u>Checklist for</u> ARC Construction **Project** Applications form, as appropriate, available in the applicant resources section of our website.

Applicants should also consult their ARC State Program Manager\*, their state's Appalachian Development Plan\* and Annual Strategy Statement\* for additional information.

\*This information can be found HERE by navigating to the page and clicking on the appropriate state link.

• Partnerships should be demonstrated through letters of commitment that specify each individual/organization's role(s) and responsibilities and membership/participation on relevant steering and curriculum development committees, if applicable.

#### Sustainable:

- Proposed projects should have a funding strategy that does not rely solely on grants to maintain operations
  after the ARC grant period has ended. The funding strategy could include tuition or fees for service, support
  from local industry, and/or funding from an institution's annual budget.
- Applicants may be asked to submit a business plan that outlines a post-ARC project operations strategy.

### Impactful:

- As detailed in ARC's Guidance on Performance Measures, projected outcomes should be an absolute number, not a range or percentage. Suitable measures include the number of training recipients that obtain new certification or enhance their current employment.
- In many cases, training recipients will obtain or advance their employment status after the completion of the ARC project. Applicants should estimate the total number of trainees that will meet the project's targets within three years of the project's end date and include the projections as part of the application.
- For projects with longer-term outcomes, a meaningful intermediate projection should be developed. Examples
  of intermediate goals include the number of individuals still enrolled and working towards completion of a
  degree or certificate at the end of the project period, or the number of individuals that have received specific
  certifications or completed certain portions of the training program.

### **Other Considerations**

- Proposed workforce training applications should include projections of the local and/or regional need for
  workers with the targeted skills, certifications, or degrees. This information is often documented through letters
  from local and regional employers stating that they project hiring "X" individuals per year with the target skills,
  certifications, or degrees over the following "Y" years. Note that this is not a guarantee to hire anyone and does
  not represent a commitment by the employer. It is simply their projection of need. (This information should be
  included as part of your project rationale, a section found within the Project Narrative portion of a complete
  application package).
- Applicants should demonstrate that they are filling a particular niche or complementing and not competing
  with other training programs serving the same geography. Letters of support stating how the training
  organizations serving the same area/population will work together and support each other greatly strengthens
  applications.
- Any key partners or project administrators who are lending support during or even after grant closeout should be indicated or identified in an applicant's detailed workplan. Persons identified include those involved in operations, relationship management, sustainability, etc.

## **Helpful Resources**

- ARC State Program Managers <a href="https://www.arc.gov/state\_partner\_role/state-program-manager/">https://www.arc.gov/state\_partner\_role/state-program-manager/</a>
- ARC State Strategy Statements <a href="https://www.arc.gov/state-plans-strategies/">https://www.arc.gov/state-plans-strategies/</a>
- Local and regional workforce and business/industry groups such as state and local <u>Workforce Investment Boards (WIBs)</u>, <u>American Job Center</u>, chambers of commerce, labor unions, and industry associations
- Academic and professional association such as the <u>Community Colleges of Appalachia</u>, <u>American Association of Community Colleges</u>, and <u>SkillsUSA</u>
- Research Report: Private Sector Support in Appalachia <a href="https://www.arc.gov/report/private-sector-employment-in-appalachia/">https://www.arc.gov/report/private-sector-employment-in-appalachia/</a>
- Specific to Service Area of a Project: Search social service providers and non-profit organizations serving the targeted communities and/or populations (i.e., <a href="https://www.unitedway.org/find-your-united-way/">https://www.unitedway.org/find-your-united-way/</a>)
- Harvard Workforce Almanac, which includes maps of workforce training providers across all organizations <a href="https://workforcealmanac.com/">https://workforcealmanac.com/</a>